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Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
Revision date / version: 22.06.2017 / 0001  
Replacing version dated / version: 22.06.2017 / 0001  
Valid from: 22.06.2017  
PDF print date: 23.06.2017  
STOP RUST

## Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**STOP-RUST**

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Surface treatment of steel

##### Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

DUTHOO NV - Street : ESSERSTRAAT 3 - Postal code/city : BE - 8550 ZWEVEGEM

Telephone : +32 (0)56 360 774 - Telefax : +32 (0)56 360 776 - E-mail (competent person) : info@duthoo.eu

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

##### Emergency information services / official advisory body:

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##### Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

During business hours (Monday - Friday 8 am - 4 pm), Tel: +3227322777

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

The mixture is not classified as dangerous in the terms of the Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).

#### 2.2 Label elements

##### Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

EUH208-Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH210-Safety data sheet available on request.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

Note pH value

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substance

n.a.

#### 3.2 Mixture

Tannins

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<b>Registration number (REACH)</b>	---
<b>Index</b>	---
<b>EINECS, ELINCS, NLP</b>	215-753-2
<b>CAS</b>	1401-55-4
<b>content %</b>	1-2,5
<b>Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)</b>	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

<b>Oxalic acid</b>	<b>Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.</b>
<b>Registration number (REACH)</b>	01-2119534576-33-XXXX
<b>Index</b>	607-006-00-8
<b>EINECS, ELINCS, NLP</b>	205-634-3
<b>CAS</b>	144-62-7
<b>content %</b>	<1
<b>Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)</b>	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318

<b>1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one</b>	
<b>Registration number (REACH)</b>	---
<b>Index</b>	613-088-00-6
<b>EINECS, ELINCS, NLP</b>	220-120-9
<b>CAS</b>	2634-33-5
<b>content %</b>	0,005-<0,05
<b>Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)</b>	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1/3.2 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

#### Inhalation

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

#### Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

#### Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

eyes, reddened

Watering eyes

With long-term contact:

reddening of the skin

Dermatitis (skin inflammation)

Sensitive individuals:

Allergic reaction possible.

with formation of mist.

Irritation of the respiratory tract

Ingestion:

Irritation of the stomach

Nausea

#### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Symptomatic treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

##### **Suitable extinguishing media**

Adapt to the nature and extent of fire.

Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

##### **Unsuitable extinguishing media**

None known

#### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Toxic gases

#### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

Prevent from entering drainage system.

If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

#### **6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.

Fill the absorbed material into lockable containers.

#### **6.4 Reference to other sections**

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

#### **7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

##### **7.1.1 General recommendations**

Ensure good ventilation.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

##### **7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace**

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

#### **7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store product closed and only in original packing.

Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.

Store at room temperature.

Recommended storage temperature:

5°C - 35°C

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

(GB) Chemical Name	Oxalic acid	Content %:<1	
WEL-TWA: 1 mg/m3 (WEL, EU)	WEL-STEL: 2 mg/m2 (OES)	---	
Monitoring procedures: ---			
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	
(GB) Chemical Name	China stone	Content %:	
WEL-TWA: 2 mg/m3 (res. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures: ---			
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	

(GB) WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).

(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).

(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

\*\* = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.

These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.

EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

#### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles (EN 166) with side protection, with danger of projections.

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Recommended

Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

0,5

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

> 120

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 374 Part 3 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

**Respiratory protection:**

If OES or MEL is exceeded.

Filter A P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

**Thermal hazards:**

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

**8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls**

No information available at present.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	According to specification
Odour:	Slightly
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	2,5
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not determined
Flash point:	n.a.
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	n.a.
Lower explosive limit:	Not determined
Upper explosive limit:	Not determined
Vapour pressure:	Not determined
Vapour density (air = 1):	Not determined
Density:	1,2 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (relative density)
Bulk density:	n.a.
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Mixable
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not determined
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive.
Oxidising properties:	No

**9.2 Other information**

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

None known

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable with proper storage and handling.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

No dangerous reactions are known.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Protect from direct sunlight.

Protect from frost.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Avoid contact with other chemicals.

Solvent

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

No decomposition when used as directed.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

**KELATE®MR138**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

**Tannins**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	2260	mg/kg	Rat		
Symptoms:						gastrointestinal disturbances, nausea and vomiting.

**Oxalic acid**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	375	mg/kg	Rat		
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitising
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, annoyance, heart/circulatory disorders, coughing, collapse, cramps, mucous membrane irritation, nausea and vomiting.

**1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	1020	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LC50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,4	mg/l/4h	Rat		Aerosol

Skin corrosion/irritation:						Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Eye Dam. 1
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Sensitising (skin contact)

China stone						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg			References
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg			References
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat		
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Mechanical irritation possible.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						No indications of such an effect.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

KELATE®MR138							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1,6	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	2,18	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL		0,21	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 215 (Fish, Juvenile Growth Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	2,94	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	3,27	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	1,2	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	





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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.  
 Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

20 01 14 Acids

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

#### For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Empty container completely.

Untampered packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### General statements

14.1. UN number: n.a.

#### Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.

14.4. Packing group: n.a.

Classification code: n.a.

LQ: n.a.

14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Tunnel restriction code:

#### Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.

14.4. Packing group: n.a.

Marine Pollutant: n.a.

14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

#### Transport by air (IATA)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.

14.4. Packing group: n.a.

14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 0 %

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: n.a.

## Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Not applicable

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H330 Fatal if inhaled. H302  
 Harmful if swallowed.  
 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.  
 H315 Causes skin irritation.  
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.  
 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.  
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic  
 Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral  
 Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - dermal  
 Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage  
 Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation  
 Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization  
 Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation  
 Aquatic Acute — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

### Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

AC Article Categories  
 acc., acc. to according, according to  
 ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists  
 ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)  
 AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level  
 AOX Adsorbable organichalogen compounds  
 approx. approximately  
 Art., Art. no. Article number  
 ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)  
 BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)  
 BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)  
 BCF Bioconcentration factor  
 BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)  
 BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)  
 BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)  
 BOD Biochemical oxygen demand  
 BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum  
 bw body weight  
 CAS Chemical Abstracts Service  
 CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids  
 CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques  
 CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council  
 CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)  
 CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic  
 COD Chemical oxygen demand  
 CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association  
 DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level  
 DNEL Derived No Effect Level  
 DOC Dissolved organic carbon  
 DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration  
 DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)  
 dw dry weight  
 e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance  
 EC European Community  
 ECHA European Chemicals Agency

EEA European Economic Area  
EEC European Economic Community  
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances  
EN European Norms  
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)  
ERC Environmental Release Categories  
ES Exposure scenario  
etc. et cetera  
EU European Union  
EWC European Waste Catalogue  
Fax. Fax number  
gen. general  
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
GWP Global warming potential  
HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane  
HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential  
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer  
IATA International Air Transport Association  
IBC Intermediate Bulk Container  
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)  
IC Inhibitory concentration  
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods  
incl. including, inclusive  
IUCILID International Uniform Chemical Information Database  
LC lethal concentration  
LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill  
LCLo lowest published lethal concentration  
LD Lethal Dose of a chemical  
LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill  
LDLo Lethal Dose Low  
LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  
LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration  
LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level  
LQ Limited Quantities  
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships  
n.a. not applicable  
n.av. not available  
n.c. not checked  
n.d.a. no data available  
NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)  
NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration  
NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration  
NOEL No Observed Effect Level  
ODP Ozone Depletion Potential  
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
org. organic  
PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon  
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic  
PC Chemical product category  
PE Polyethylene  
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration  
POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential  
ppm parts per million  
PROC Process category  
PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene  
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)  
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.  
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)  
SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature  
SAR Structure Activity Relationship  
SU Sector of use

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SVHC Substances of Very High Concern

Tel. Telephone

ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand

TOC Total organic carbon

TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)

UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))

VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).

WHO World Health Organization

wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

**Chemical Check GmbH, Chemical Check Platz 1-7, D-32839 Steinheim, Tel.: +49 5233 94 17 0, Fax: +49 5233 94 17 90**

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