SAFETY DATA SHEET



PUR Verdünner S 9029

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name **Product code**

: PUR Verdünner S 9029

: S 9029

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Thinner for industrial use. Product is not intended for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Akzo Nobel Hilden GmbH Düsseldorfer Straße 96-100 D-40721 Hilden Deutschland Tel: (+49) 02103-77253 Fax: (+49) 02103-77242 Internet: https://www.akzonobel.com/wood/

e-mail address of person : andrea.krause@akzonobel.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Akzo Nobel Industrial Coatings Ltd Unit 04A Mercer Way Shadsworth Business Park Blackburn Lancashire United Kingdom BB1 2QZ

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier **Telephone number** : (+49) 02103-77253

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
Storage	: Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: n-butyl acetate
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do : No additional information. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥90	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119471843-32 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH066	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 PUR Verdünner S 9029

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of

equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	:	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

4.3 Indication of any imme	diate medical attention and special trea	tment needed		
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact pois quantities have been ingested or inh		ist immediately if large	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2019-09-30 Date of previous issue	: 2018-12-03	Version : 8.01	3/13

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 PUR Verdünner S 9029

SECTION 4: First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures				
5.1 Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.			
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture				
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.			
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.			
5.3 Advice for firefighters				
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.			
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.			

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.		
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.		
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.		
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.		

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 PUR Verdünner S 9029

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	 Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

Industrial sector specific solutions

- : No additional information.
- : No additional information.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
procedures atmosphere or of the ventilatio protective equip the following: E the assessmen limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace atmospheres)	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness n or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory oment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with a measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 nospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation	300 mg/kg bw/day 1500 mg/ m ³	Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection Hand protection	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.				
The breakthrough time mu	ust be greater than the end use time of the product.			
The instructions and inform replacement must be follo	mation provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and wed.			
Gloves should be replaced	d regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.			
	are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.			
	tiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor			
	o protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has			
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:			
	Recommended (> 8 hours (breakthrough time)): polyethylene (PE) Not recommended (< 1 hour (breakthrough time)): natural rubber (latex)			
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.			
Body protection	: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.			
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. 			
Respiratory protection	: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.			
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.			

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Colour	:	Colourless.
Odour	:	Not available.
Odour threshold	1	Not applicable.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not tested
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	110 - 190 °C
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 24°C
Evaporation rate	1	Not tested
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7%
Vapour pressure	1	11.25 mm Hg (1.49625 kPa) (Highest known value: n-butyl acetate)
Vapour density	:	> 1 (Air = 1) (Calculation method)
Density	:	0.87 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	:	Not tested
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not tested
Date of issue/Date of revision	• 0	019-09-30 Date of previous issue : 2018-12-03 Version : 8.01

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 2019-09-30 Date of previous issue

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature	: 280 - 470 °C (Lowest known value: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)
Decomposition temperature	: Not tested
Viscosity	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not tested
Oxidising properties	: Not tested

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
10.2 Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eves, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Acute toxicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat		-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicit	y (single exposure)				

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	0,		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information

: No additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment, but contains substance(s) hazardous to the environment. See section 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 96 hours
0			•

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	2.3	- 10 to 2500	low high

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT	and vPvB assessment
PBT	: Not applicable.

vPvB	: Not applicable.
	· Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.
-	Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.
	If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no
	longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.
	For further information, contact your local waste authority.

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

	Waste code	Waste designation		
	08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish c	ontaining organic solvents or other hazardous substances	
Packaging				
	Methods of disposal		aste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered t feasible.	
Disposal considerations		 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. 		
	Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)	
	CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances	
Special precautions		taken when handling Empty containers or residues may create container. Do not cu	container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the it, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with ns and sewers.	

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Special provisions 640 (E)	-	-	-
	Tunnel code (D/E)			

SECTION 14: Transport information

	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user	upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not applicable.
according to Annex II of	
Marpol and the IBC Code	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)		
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation		
Annex XIV		
None of the components are listed.		
Substances of very high concern		
None of the components are listed.		
Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles		
Other EU regulations		
Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.		
Priority List Chemicals : Not determined (793/93/EEC)		
Seveso Directive		
This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.		
Danger criteria		
Category		
P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b C6: Flammable (R10)		
National regulations		
Industrial use : The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.		
15.2 Chemical safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out. assessment		

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H412Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Asp. Tox. 1, H304LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracki Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracki FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	ing.
Date of printing	2019-11-29	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	2019-09-30	
Date of previous issue	2018-12-03	
Version	8.01	
Martha a factor de la		

Notice to reader

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation.